GWY 50h.36J D\$46VJ

Quiz Two Preview for Cherokee 101 FL14



Five Noun Classes

The five noun classes are determined by verb words that refer to different shaped entities. Verbs for manipulating entities in some way often encode the shape of the entity which is manipulated.

Gohusdi Asdava	a (Solid obiects	and objects that don't	t fit in the specific class	ses)
	(20114 00)	tiller cojetts tiller trois	, 110 111 0110 pp • • 1110 • 1000	, • • ,

telephone dihlino			ohehdi'i		u objects Z?JT	ulat	kanohed		specific cias thyidohi	SCS)		
ball		alsgahldi		DV	LW S Go		apple	S	svgta	ROW		
potato	otato nuna			9 6	θ		bowl	ι	unvweda		POWL	
cup ulisgwada		vada	OP	PTU								
Gohusdi Wanige'i (Flexible objects)												
flag	gada	_	E.J.8	Jeet	.s)	bl	anket	tsus	sgwanvna	Jæl	ТСФ	
bag	dega	ıhldi	ssw.	I		rc	pe	sde	yida	&	ኔ ፔ	
shirt	atats	da	DWhJ	[,		SC	ocks	dili	yo	JPf	i	
	ahna	ıwo	Dte									
Gohusdi Ehi (Animate objects)												
panther tsvdatsi C * L				-		possi	um	ι	ıtsedsdi	(LGJ T	
spider	ka	ananisg	gi 00	h od	y	chipi	munk	k	kiyugi	3	√G″ S	
baby	us	sdii	Oot	TL		girl		a	igehyutsa	I	orgc	
squirrel	sa	aloli	HG.	P		[who	is jumpin	g	lahltadegv	Ţ	.WW\$-E]	
Cabuadi Ama Itmadi (Liquid abiacta)												
Gohusdi Ama Iyusdi (Liquid objects) [bottle filled with gugu atsisdv JJ Dh லி?]												
milk		u	nvdi		roo	_	soup		ugama	0	° 8 ₹~	
juice (sc	our)	ts	suntsosdi		дӨК Ә	J.	tea (brew	ved	tsugaloga	J	\$ 6 \$	
							leaves)		gulsdanvh	ⁱ J	wolow.	
water		a	ma		Dϟ∽		blood		giga	y	S	
[spigot		u	nugohisd	i	OPAT	[LG						
Gohusdi	i Gyna	ahida (I	ong rigi	d ob	viects)							
Gohusdi Gvnahida (Long, ri fork yvgi			By			spoon		aditohdi		LVL		
knife		ahye	elsdi	Dß	K & W		pencil		digohwelod	i .I	A&GJ	
gun ga		galo	gwe	\$ 60			bow		gahltsadi	S	-WGI	

gansda

JOOB

stick

GWY 80h.001 D840V1

Quiz Two Preview for Cherokee 101 FL14

Questions and Sentences - Answer two questions on quiz.

Do iyusdi hia? What is this?

Do iyusdi 'what Information Question' comes at the start of a quesion. With the word hia 'this/these', the questions asks for the identity of an entity. Information questions ask for unpredictable new information.

Tsadulihatsu ama? Do you want water?

The -tsu 'yes/no Question' marker attaches to the first word of the question. Word order in Cherokee language is remarkably flexible, in part because most of the sentence information is attached to the Verb Word. In this case, Tsadulihatsu ama? Do you want water? contrasts with Amatsu tsaduliha? Is it water that you want? In both cases, the answer is predicatably vv 'yes' or hadi 'no'.

Uwoduhitsu na saloli? Is that squirrel pretty?

Verbs, Adjectives, and Nouns all take Pronouns in Cherokee language. Here, the Adjective uwoduhi 'he/she/it pretty' shows the uw- 'he/she/it' Third Person Singular Pronoun.

Ulisgwada agwaduliha. I want a cup.

Verbs also take Pronouns. Overall, Cherokee language tends to put the Verb Word in sentence-final position. In this case, ulisgwada 'cup' can be replaced with any singular noun. The structure is X agwaduliha. 'I want x.' with the agw- 'I' First Person Singular Pronoun prefixed to the Verb Stem.

Yvgi uduliha agehyutsa. The girl wants a fork.

Language is flexible and allows for different phrasing that subtly modify meaning or serve to indicate personal style. Here, the Agent of the sentence, agehyutsa 'girl', comes in sentence-final position. Compare Yvgi uduliha. 'She wants a fork.' Without an Agent, the Verb Word appears in sentence-final position. Agw-aduliha. 'I want it.' and U-duliha. 'She/He wants it.' provide the minimum information for understanding the interaction between Pronoun and Stem.

Do iyusdi tsaduliha? What do you want?

Do iyusdi 'what Information Question' again indicates a request for specific and unpredictable information - the answer can be almost any concrete entity. There are three Singular Person categories in Cherokee language: I, you alone, he/she/it.

Do iyusdi uduliha agehyutsa? What does the girl want? Now I, the First Person, am asking you, the Second Person, about a Third Person, agehyutsa 'girl'.

Sakonige digohwelodohdi agwaduliha. I want a blue pencil. Tsunega diliyo dagwaduliha. I want white socks.

Sakonige 'it blue' Adjective for Third Person Singular. Tsunega 'they white' Adjective for Third Person Plural Inanimate. The Verb Word Agwaduliha. 'I want it.' indicates a Singular Undergoer entity, and Dagwaduliha. 'I want them.' indicates Plural Undergoer.